

## WASTE SEGREGATION FOR CHILDREN



#### Welcome to the world of segregated waste

### Let us understand...





### Waste Categories





HAZARDOUS /E-WASTE

DEBRIS

### Where to start ? Establish collection at home

#### WET WASTE

 Collect in a pedal bin lined with newspapers. DO NOT USE PLASTIC BAGS (Daily)

### □ SANITARY WASTE

 Collect in newspaper bag kept in bathroom (Daily)

### DRY WASTE

 Collect in a bag in the kitchen/utility (WEEKLY)

### HAZARDOUS/e-WASTE

 Collect small items in a cover (QUARTERLY)

### DEBRIS

Collect in a bin in the utility (PERIODIC)





# What is Wet Waste?

- Vegetable/Fruit waste
- Food waste except very oily waste
- Tea leaves/Coffee Powder
- Garden trimmings/leaves
- Flowers

DO's

- Pencil shavings
- Match sticks
- Shredded Newspaper
- Soiled Tissue Paper



WASTE

 $M \vdash I$ 



## Wet Waste Collection



### □ Collection :

Covered bin in Kitchen lined with newspaper. Tear newspaper lengthwise to get 2 long pieces. Place them into the bin inner surface. NO PLASTIC BAGS !





# What to do with Wet Waste?

### Composing

- Leave-it-Pots
- Conical Composting
- Pit composting



#### Biogas

Composting

- Biogas plants from 1-150 kgs per day for homes, communities and institutions
- GPS-BioUrja:

NIE-CREST:

Biogas plants from 100 kgs –3 Tons per day for communities and institutions



Biogas



## What is DRY WASTE?





- Plastic bags, plastic bottles, plastic packaging
- Broken toys
- Bubble wrap
- Take-away containers\*
- Food packets \*
- Pickle packs\*
- Milk Sachets\*

\*Food packets, pickle packs and take-away containers have to be thoroughly rinsed and dried before disposal

\*Food covers that are too oily should be discarded with debris waste





- Tickets, Bills & statements\*
- Envelopes & Covers
- Notices, pamphlets, paper wrappers
- Computer printouts
- Paper plates

\*Tear any confidential papers before disposal

Papers that are oily and soiled tissue papers should be discarded with debris waste

Newspapers can be collected on a monthly basis and donated to NGOs who make bags for sanitary waste

#### Metal, Glass & Others



- Aerosol cans
- Aluminum cans/foil
- Metal bottle caps
- Glass bottles & jars
- Incandescent bulbs
- Tetrapack
- Thermocole/Styrofoam

WARNING: Do not crush aerosol cans, Rinse and dry glass bottles before disposal

Dispose broken glass/ceramic with debris waste after placing in a thick plastic/paper bag



## **DRY WASTE**



- □ Food in a cover?
  - Dispose food contents into Wet Waste bin
  - Rinse cover if food contents were wet.
  - Dry at kitchen sink before disposing in your Dry Waste bag
- Squeeze your toothpaste, facewash etc to the last before disposal. Use an old toothbrush for this, saves at least a week's worth of stuff
- Empty and rinse out remains in shampoo or moisturizer bottles
- Open up and crush/fold paper cartons before disposal. Saves a load of space
- Dilute soap and hand wash concentrates with upto 2/3rds water. It will be still effective



## Dry Waste collection





Collect DRY WASTE in bag\* hung in your kitchen or utility area (\*Do not use thin polythene bags to store Dry Waste at your home. Plastic

woven bags or cloth bags

are sturdy and reusable)

Fix a bin on the cupboard door of your sink. Use this to collect your DRY WASTE

Rinse and dry milk covers. Collect in a box to dispose monthly to your local scrap dealer

- Once a week sort dry waste collected in your bag into Plastic, Paper, Metal & others. Dispose to common dry waste collection
- Please check with your
  Dry Waste collector
  on categories of
  sorting required.
- Apartments having adequate space and labour can have a post collection sorting established

### List of DRY WASTE – to be collected



NOTE : For safety/security reasons, we have avoided sharp items like blades, scissors, razors, knives, broken glass pieces, etc.

- Mop Stick
- Used Mop cloth
- Toilet Cleaning Brush
- Brusher and Scrubs used for cleaning
- Used and dirty Foot Mats or door mats
- Bottles and container of pesticide
- Mosquito Repellent refill bottles
- Used Tooth Brush
- Chocolate wrappers (Small Toffees or Candy's)
- Chocolate Wrapper for big bars

- Butter Papers used
- Milk Covers
- Ghee / Oil Packets
- Curd Packets
- Idly or any other Batter packets
- Oil Cans
- Package of food items
- Old Brooms
- Small broken Toys
- Thermocaol Balls from bean bags
- Tissue Paper used for reasons other than sanitary/medical
- Small and destroyed Old Cushions
- Used bottles, tubes , cans of Shaving cream , Deodorant, creams , etc.
- Pieces of Aluminium Foils used to cover Ghee , Jam etc.

### List of DRY WASTE – to be collected



NOTE : For safety/security reasons, we have avoided sharp items like blades, scissors, razors, knives, broken glass pieces, etc.

- Used paper pieces
- Broken Stationers' like pen, pencil eraser etc.
- Empty shampoo Bottle
- Empty Perfume bottle
- Thermocoal
- Empty Bottles of floor or toilet cleaners
- Covers with just silver lining inside , like the ones in Lay packets , kurkere packets etc.
- News paper
- Old Posts
- Soap Covers
- Small Tubs like the ones used for jam , cheese , yogurt etc.

- Plastic Covers used to pack Groceries etc.
- Expired Credit /Debit/loyalty Cards with magnetic Strip
- Unusable shoes
- Used Sachets of Shampoo, Tooth Paste, small quantity of Horlicks/Bournvita etc.
- Biseleri kind of water Bottles
- Tetra Packets (Juices, Milks etc.)
- Small carton Boxed like in Corn Flakes etc.
- Used Tooth Paste Tubes
- Broken house hold Plastic items Tin Bottles , like Pepsi cans etc.



## What is Hazardous/E-Waste?

- Hazardous Waste
  - Paints
  - Automobile Lubricants
- E-waste
  - Dry Cells (batteries)
  - Car/2-wheeler batteries
  - Fluorescent lamps
  - Mobile
  - Chargers
  - Computer peripherals

  - .. anything with a plug



Hazardous

Waste

## What is Debris Waste?



- Sweeping Dust
- Oily Plastic/paper
- Soiled scrap cloth
- Rubber waste (slippers)
- Gift paper/Gift wrapping
- Foil covers (lays/kurkure packets)
- Construction debris



